The Empirical Study of Marketing Innovation Model by Dr. Pussadee Polsaram

C722499 : MAJOR INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS
KEY WORD: MARKETING INNOVATION / EXPORT PERFORMANCE / EXPORTING FIRMS / THAILAND
PUSSADEE POLSARAM : THE EMPIRICAL STUDY OF MARKETING INNOVATION MODEL ON
EXPORT PERFORMANCE OF EXPORTING FIRMS IN THAILAND. THESIS ADVISOR : ASSOC.
PROF. GUNTALEE RUENROM, Ph.D. THESIS CO-ADVISOR : ASSOC. PROF. NONGLAK
WIRATCHAI, Ph.D. 201 pp. ISBN 974-471-904-4.

The objectives of this study are threefold (1) to identify the key variables that can best explain the marketing innovation for exporting firms in Thailand, (2) to propose and verify "The Full Model of Export Performance" of exporting firms in Thailand, and (3) to suggest the strategy for the development of marketing innovation for exporting firms in Thailand. The conceptual framework in this study is developed from Aaby and Slater's concept, and incorporate the Resources-Based Theory in analyzing the performance of exporting firms. The model is analyzed empirically by using two hundred and forty-nine questionnaires that are collected from top executives in four high growth export sectors (food processing, gems and jewelry, garments, and electronic and electrical products). Linear Structural Relationship (LISREL) statistics is employed to test the model.

The study shows that marketing innovation of exporting firms in Thailand is composed of 3 constructs. They are new product innovation (unique features, satisfy customers' needs, better quality than competitors), new working process (using computers, applying international standards, re-engineering, using new technology), and new market (access to new markets, new packaging, new promotional approaches, new support provided to foreign distributors). The best fitted model of export performance is founded. The model is composed of four latent constructs: (1) export performance (profit, market share, sales growth rate, company image), (2) marketing innovation (new product, new working process, new market), (3) firm resources (marketing knowledge of executives, assigned responsibility for export development, having export marketing department, good relationship with others related to the business), and (4) firm characteristics (number of full-time employees). The results indicate that the Resources-Based theory can explain the export venture of exporting firms in Thailand relatively well.

The findings of this study lead to the suggestion that the success of export performance of exporting firms in Thailand depends on several efforts in marketing activities. The most importance are exporting firms should concentrate on creating new products with developing their own national brand names, improving new working process by employing marketing information system and the new technology, penetrating the new market by concentrating on a niche market. Enhancing marketing innovation strategy needs multi-cooperation from many parties such as government agencies, trade associations and educational institutions. In addition, visions, knowledge in international marketing and good relationships with customers and related organizations of top executives and middle managers of exporting firms are considered as valuable resources of firms in creating marketing innovation in Thailand. The researcher also suggests ideas for further research in this area.

ภาควิชา	ลายมือชื่อนิสิต Passadu Polisarom
สาขาวิชา Business Administration	ลายมือชื่ออาจารย์ที่ปรึกษา Guntale Ruman
ปีการศึกษา 1998	ลายมือชื่ออาจารย์ที่ปรึกษาร่วม Nonglate Constance